

THE WEATHER

Fair Tonight and Tuesday.

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

METAL QUOTATIONS

Silver	77 3/4
Copper	32 3/4
Lead	11 3/4-12
Quicksilver	\$80

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TONOPAH, NEVADA, MONDAY EVENING, JULY 9, 1917

PRICE 10 CENTS

ON THE EVE OF AN UPHEAVAL

MOST MOMENTOUS EVENT IN HISTORY OF GERMAN EMPIRE

BRITISH REPRISALS
FOR AIR ATTACKS

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, July 9.—Royal naval airplanes carried out a raid Saturday night on the Ghent airdrome, according to an admiralty announcement. Although heavily attacked by an enemy formation, bombs were successfully dropped on objectives and all the British machines returned safely.

The papers declare the country is disgraced by the recent air raid, alleging there was a "miserable display of incompetency" by the war office air service and demand the removal of those responsible.

Even more restrained comments say England is falling behind in air craft construction and needs speeding up. It is remarked that the raid rises to the practical level of the possibility of the absolute destruction of London by air craft and the infliction of losses amounting to a serious military defeat. They also asked why two hundred or a thousand machines cannot come and those favoring reprisals emphasized their demands, while those opposed contend that such a course is useless and would lead to competition in brutality wherein the "expert will beat the amateur."

AIR BOMBS
HIT KRUPP
BIG PLANT

SQUADRON OF RAIDERS ATTACK
THE GREAT MUNITION
WORKS

(By Associated Press.)
AMSTERDAM, July 9.—A frontier correspondent of the Handelsblad reports that five persons were killed and several houses were destroyed during the bombardment of the German city of Essen, home of the great Krupp works, on Friday night. A correspondent of the Telegraaf says bombs were dropped on the Krupp works and that reports of damage inflicted are conflicting. Estimates of the number of attackers vary from 15 to 40.

HALICZ MENACED
BY THE RUSSIANS

GEN. BRUSILOFF RECOVERS
MOST OF GROUND LOST
ONE YEAR AGO

(By Associated Press.)
PETROGRAD, July 9.—According to semi-official reports, the Russian offensive is spreading to the north and south of Halicz, in eastern Galicia, which is virtually under the guns of General Brusiloff when the advance a year ago came to a standstill. Halicz is important as the key to Lemberg, the capital of Galicia, and is about sixty miles south-east of that city.

Some activity is reported along the northern front.

The enthusiasm among the troops is increasing. The government has ordered the release of Polish prisoners of war captured from the German ranks.

BLACKHAND BOMB
IN SAN FRANCISCO

FISH MAGNATE OF BAY CITY
PUNISHED BY BLACKMAIL-
ING ENEMIES

(By Associated Press.)
SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—A bomb destroyed the front of the residence of Nuncio Taretino, a wealthy shareholder in the California Fish Company.

Taretino's life had been threatened because he refused to pay \$10,000 demanded in ten letters.

FORECAST FOR THE WEEK

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, July 9.—Rocky mountain and plateau regions: Fair weather for the week, with temperature near the normal.

SWEEPING ELECTORAL
REFORMS FORECASTED
CHANCELLOR CHANGES

(By Associated Press.)
BERLIN, Saturday, July 7 (via London, July 9).—Unless all present indications fail in the course of the next few days the German empire is on the eve of a momentous if not a historic parliamentary upheaval. Developments in the last 48 hours point to a significant realignment of various factions in favor of sweeping electoral and parliamentary reforms.

Although the sessions of the main committee and the constitutional committee have been of an executive nature, press comments permit the inference that the discussions of vital subjects of governmental policy frequently reached the boiling point. That they have been of gravity significant import is indicated clearly by the sudden decision to postpone the Saturday plenary session, which was to have marked the opening of the general debate and the expected speech of Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg. The absence of the chancellor from the sessions of the main and constitutional committees in the last few days has caused general comment in parliamentary circles as exceptional, in view of the confidential character of the discussions.

Monday will mark the inauguration of what promises to be one of the most memorable parliamentary sessions in the history of the empire. All the reichstag factions remained in session in individual groups until late last night to decide what action might be taken.

The Zeitung am Mittag says that a deputation of six members from the social democratic party in the reichstag called on Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg Friday for the purpose of imposing the gravity of the situation on him. The delegates insisted that the chancellor make an unequivocal declaration that the government was prepared at any time to enter into peace negotiations on the basis of the status quo. The deputation also demanded immediate introduction of parliamentary and electoral reforms, urging the appointment of leading reichstag deputies to secretarial and ministerial posts.

There are rumors that Professor Adolph von Harnack, one of the most intimate advisors of the emperor, is slated to succeed Herr von Trott zu Solz as Prussian minister of education. The present minister is said to be opposed to sweeping electoral reforms.

(By Associated Press.)
VALLEJO, July 9, 3:30 p. m.—Officials said they believe the explosion due to a plot. They are investigating along those lines.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, July 9.—Six were killed and thirty-one injured in an explosion wrecking two storehouses on Mare Island, according to the commandant's report to the navy department. Four of the injured are seriously hurt. The ammunition magazines were not set off, though many buildings were damaged.

(By Associated Press.)
SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—Two storehouses at Mare Island navy yard were destroyed by an explosion this morning. It is not known whether any lives were lost. Thousands of windows were broken in Vallejo. Fire started and troops are desperately trying to prevent them spreading to other buildings.

Two hundred men were employed in or near the wrecked buildings, but may not have reported for work.

The report that eight men were killed in the black powder storehouse explosion has been received. Naval officers admitted that "great numbers" were injured. The commandant ordered that no person be allowed to leave Mare Island. Communication with the island is interrupted. Nothing is known of the origin of the explosion. An official announcement is expected later. The explosion happened at 7:44 and was felt at Sacramento and Santa Rosa, where they thought it was an earthquake.

Some roofs of other building on the island were lifted from their holdings. Those demolished. It is understood, were used for the storage of loaded shells of large caliber.

Damage to Vallejo was extensive, as windows were shattered and doors two miles away twisted from their hinges.

Lieutenant C. Bird, United States marine corps, D. W. Salburg, Pasadena, and J. D. Sproule, carpenter aboard the Southern Pacific ferryboat El Capitan, in the stream two miles away, were injured. The men's injuries consisted of shock, and flying glass and are not serious. No statement of the probable cause is given.

The death list included Allen F. McKenzie, chief gunner, and Mrs. McKenzie, his wife; Dorothy McKenzie, aged 12, and Mildred, aged 8, daughters; George Stanton, a gardener, and N. C. Damstead, a civilian employee of the ordnance department. The fire has been extinguished.

(By Associated Press.)
GLOBE, Ariz., July 9.—For the first time since they came here Thursday night to preserve order in the strike zone, United States soldiers were used to enforce the orders of the local authorities. A troop of cavalry was sent to disperse 300 members of the Industrial Workers of the World who had been forbidden to hold a strike meeting at Banker's Garden. The troops' mission was accomplished without resort to force.

(By Associated Press.)
JEROME, Ariz., July 9.—Ninety per cent of the day shift at the United Verde copper mine reported for work Sunday, following the rejecting Saturday night by members of the Jerome local of the Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers' Union of the strike vote to join the strikers of the Mine Workers' Industrial Union.

(By Associated Press.)
PHOENIX, Ariz., July 9.—A dispatch from Kingman states that the Golconda mine there will close through the activities of Industrial Workers. Two hundred miners are out.

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, July 9.—Major General John J. Pershing, commander of the American force in France, spent Sunday conferring with his staff concerning plans for the permanent training camp in France and American participation at the fighting front. The permanent camp already has been established and one battalion is undergoing intensive training. It is expected that the remainder of the first expeditionary force will be in camp behind the fighting line within a week.

General Pershing expected to confer this week with Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander, but because of the pressure of other business he was compelled to send a member of his staff to British headquarters. General Pershing will visit Field Marshal Haig later.

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, July 9.—The American steamer Massapequa was sunk Saturday

by a submarine and the crew landed on the island of Sein, southwest of Brest. The vessel was armed with a naval crew.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, July 9.—Henry Field, grandson of the late Marshall Field, Chicago merchant, died yesterday at the Presbyterian hospital in this city, where he was operated upon for an abscess on one of his lungs.

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BERLIN, July 9.—The Russian attack in East Galicia was brought to a standstill by German reserves after the Russians had pressed back the defenders in the direction of the wooded heights of Czarnylas.

French trenches on two miles of the Aisne front were captured and 800 French prisoners taken.

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Final action on the first administration food bill for a national food survey and production stimulation, also is delayed by the controversy over the food control measure.

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WASHINGTON, July 9.—The prohibition issue in congress may cause a general revision of legislative plans and indefinitely prolong the war session.

With the house recorded for prohibiting manufacture of all intoxicants and the senate, by its vote Saturday favoring a ban upon manufacture and importation of distilled beverages only, leaders express the belief that it may take weeks to work out the related revenue and other problems which cannot be settled, until congress finally determines its course on the liquor question.

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LIQUOR PROHIBITION
TIES UP CONGRESS

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